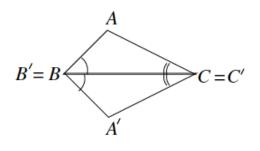
# **Lesson 10: Sequences of Rigid Motions**

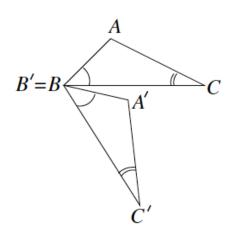
#### Classwork

#### **Exercises**

 In the following picture, triangle ABC can be traced onto a transparency and mapped onto triangle A'B'C'. Which basic rigid motion, or sequence of, would map one triangle onto the other?



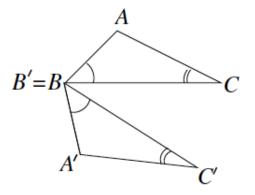
In the following picture, triangle ABC can be traced onto a transparency and mapped onto triangle A'B'C'.
Which basic rigid motion, or sequence of, would map one triangle onto the other?



#### [Type here]

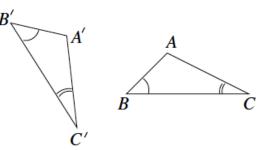
.

3. In the following picture, triangle ABC can be traced onto a transparency and mapped onto triangle A'B'C'. Which basic rigid motion, or sequence of, would map one triangle onto the other?

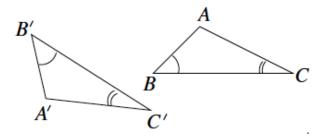


4. In the following picture, we have two pairs of triangles. In each pair, triangle ABC can be traced onto a transparency and mapped onto triangle A'B'C'.

Which basic rigid motion, or sequence of, would map one triangle onto the other? Scenario 1:



Scenario 2:

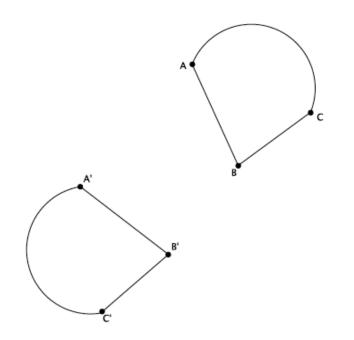


### [Type here]

5. Let two figures *ABC* and *A'B'C'* be given so that the length of curved segment *AC* = the length of curved segment A'C',  $|\angle B| = |\angle B'| = 80^\circ$ , and |AB| = |A'B'| = 5. With clarity and precision, describe a sequence of rigid motions that would map figure *ABC* onto figure *A'B'C'*.

Lesson 10

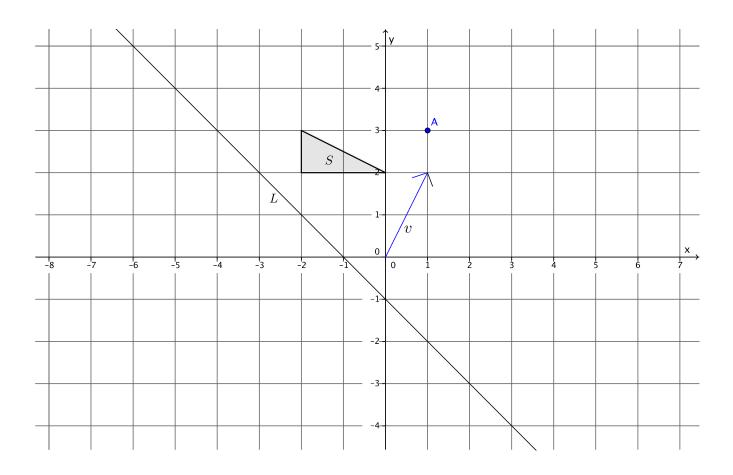
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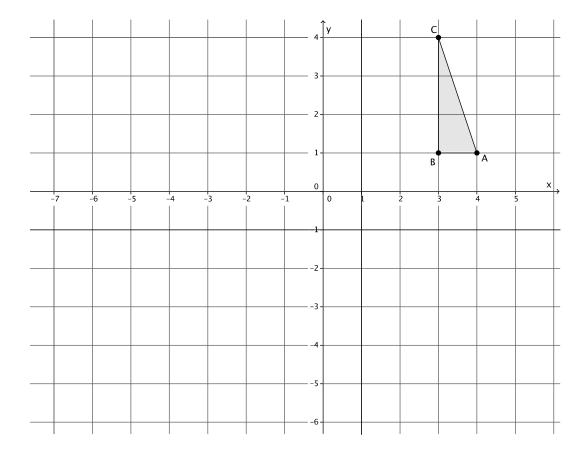
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## **Problem Set**

1. Let there be the translation along vector  $\vec{v}$ , let there be the rotation around point A, -90 degrees (clockwise), and let there be the reflection across line L. Let S be the figure as shown below. Show the location of S after performing the following sequence: a translation followed by a rotation followed by a reflection.



2. Would the location of the image of *S* in the previous problem be the same if the translation was performed first instead of last, i.e., does the sequence: translation followed by a rotation followed by a reflection equal a rotation followed by a reflection followed by a translation? Explain.



3. Use the same coordinate grid, below, to complete parts (a)–(c).

- a. Reflect triangle *ABC* across the vertical line, parallel to the *y*-axis, going through point (1,0). Label the transformed points *ABC* as A', B', C', respectively.
- b. Reflect triangle A'B'C' across the horizontal line, parallel to the *x*-axis going through point (0, -1). Label the transformed points of A'B'C' as A''B''C'', respectively.
- c. Is there a single rigid motion that would map triangle ABC to triangle A''B''C''?